



PUBLISHED DAILY AND TRI-WEEKLY BY
EDGAR SNOWDEN.

WEDNESDAY EVENING, OCTOBER 15.

The election in Ohio yesterday resulted, as was anticipated by those whose opinions are not biased by their hopes, in a sweeping republican victory. Reversals are often beneficial to the defeated party by reason of the lessons they teach. The question now is whether the democratic party, not its present leaders, for nothing can be expected of them—they might be brayed in a mortar and would still be the same—will so profit by this defeat as to learn that a recantation of their foolish ideas about the benefits to be derived from an unlimited issue of irredeemable paper money, and a determination to accept, as a logical sequence of the civil war, the fallacy of the doctrine of State's rights, as they expected it, will do more to reassert them in the estimation of the country than a success with their previously avowed opinions on those questions would have done. The war, if not the Constitution, made the country one and indivisible, and its people want for their currency money that will be worth as much to their children as it is to themselves, and those who have any material interests in the Union desire to promote those interests by an avoidance of any legislative action that will be likely to unsettle existing values.

Prof. Baird, of the Smithsonian, now Superintendent of the Fish Commission, has spent the summer pleasantly on the coast of New England in the interest of fish and fisheries. Last night Prof. Baird reported the discovery of a new species of the fluy tribe "Iphobotus chlamydopus," or file fish, which was found on the banks fifty miles southeast of Newfoundland. This is almost as interesting as the news from Ohio, where the democrats made the discovery of a big bait that pleases Mr. Hayes almost as much as the mammoth pumpkins of which he has been so devoted an admirer. The new specimen of Ohio growth is called in the language of botanists the people's daffodil. Specimens of the new growth will be exhibited on the stump in many of the States during the coming campaign. Prof. Baird has not yet found even the bones of the 750,000,000 herring which he reported caught in the Potomac in 1832, though he appears to be attempting discovery in that direction.

Mr. Windom, Mr. Livingston, and Rev. Gen. Conway, and all the other radicals who are urging the exodus of the negroes from the South, and who assert that the present condition of the negroes in the South is worse than it was before the war, fail to notice the steady increase in the cotton supply of that section, which is incompatible with such a dissatisfied state of labor as they assert now exists in the Cotton States. In alluding to this subject the New York Herald says:

"It seems to us that a population which produces so constant and so great a crop is not abused. If the negroes of the South were really in the sad condition in which it pleases some of our northern politicians to represent them, if they were murdered, oppressed, robbed and cheated everywhere, it is not possible that they would produce now a greater cotton crop than the largest under slavery, and that the crop should be increasing steadily year by year, and, besides the cotton, they should produce also, as they do, a larger amount than ever before of their own food supplies. In short, the statistics go very far to disprove the accusations brought against the South of general oppression and abuse of the blacks."

It is stated that the Postoffice Department, after much trouble and a careful review of the law, has decided that federal courts have no jurisdiction in cases of violence against postmasters. Most people have hitherto supposed that gentlemen capable of taking charge of a department of the Government would have known beforehand what Mr. Key and his assistants have just taken so much pains to discover.

It is to be hoped that the disastrous defeat the democrats have just sustained in Ohio may induce the democratic party of New York to give Mr. Kelly the grand pass and to concentrate upon Governor Robinson in such numbers as to secure his election. The loss of Ohio is a severe blow. To lose New York, as is now probable, would leave but little upon which to hang a hope for a democratic president.

It appears by the news from Ireland that the South is not the only country in which bull-dozers exist, for a notice has been posted at Warren Point, county Down, Ulster, that any man coming into that county to pay more than a pound an acre for land, may bring his coffin with him.

Rad Republicanism is forging its fiery way along in France, alarming conservatism, uniting in its opposition all the other elements of French politics, and inducing the staid people of that country to look with diminishing favor upon free institutions.

Why some people want to increase the paper money of the country when foreign gold is pouring in at the rate of nearly thirty millions a month, is what they do not want to tell, though they know very well.

Railroad Accident.
CLEVELAND, O., Oct. 15.—This morning the passenger train, No. 1, due at 6:30 a. m. from the East, on the Lake Shore Railroad, ran into the rear of a freight train at Geneva, Ohio. Three clerks in the postal car and the engineer of train No. 1 were slightly injured. One lady passenger was also slightly bruised, but her injuries were not serious enough to prevent her from proceeding to her destination. A dense fog prevailed at the time of the accident.

Found.
MILFORD, Mass., Oct. 15.—The \$8,000 which Amos Haskins was charged with stealing from the residence of Leonard Fairbanks, was found in the house all safe.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

Yesterday Captain John M. Mason, of Keokuk, Mo., a well-known ship master, who has been mentally deranged for some time, stabbed his wife's sister and took his own life.

Mr. Conway Robinson, jr., has been assigned to duty as deputy clerk of the second division of the Circuit Court of the District of Columbia. Mr. R. is the son of Hon. Conway Robinson.

Judge Motter has decided that Philip Carlz, an inmate of the Hagerstown almshouse, who was refused registration on the ground that he was not composed of men, cannot be deported from his right to vote on that account.

Dr. Julius Lemoyne, one of the leading advocates of cremation in the United States, and designer and builder of the cremation furnace at Washington, Pa., died at his residence in that place yesterday, aged 81.

Capt. David C. Riley, of the schooner Mary Jane, from Philadelphia, reported at Jersey City yesterday that his vessel was boarded by river pirates on Monday night, while anchored near Communipaw. He was rescued from his sleep, severely beaten, and robbed of \$47.

John Quiao and Thomas Lewis, convicts of Blackwell's Island, New York, while in the guardhouse in charge of a keeper, overpowered him and landed on the Ravenswood shore. They threw the guard's carbine overboard, seized his pistols, and tying him in the boat sent it adrift.

The suit of Mrs. Louisa M. Furness, of New York, against the Mutual Life Insurance Company, for \$10,000, the value of a policy on her husband's life, was concluded yesterday in the Supreme Court by a verdict for the plaintiff for \$11,474. Mrs. Furness committed suicide on the 27th of July, 1877.

Mrs. Barrett, who attempted last year to take the life of Washington Nathan, of New York, and that gentleman were in Yorkville, N. Y., Police Court yesterday, when Nathan stated he was in fear of his life from Mrs. Barrett, because he had not fulfilled his promises of settlement with her.

It is again reported in New York that the police have obtained important information in reference to the Stewart grave robbery; that they have discovered the man who watched General P. H. Jones, who was asked to act as counsel for the thieves, and that this clue is likely to lead to further important developments.

A fire is raging in the mountain north of Ridley's station, Vt. It has travelled a mile in the woods since noon yesterday, and threatens to destroy an extensive tract of timber north of Mansfield Mountain. Everything is very dry. A company of men have gone to check the conflagration. Immense damage has already been done.

The Mercer county (Pa.) court yesterday, in a case in which a passenger on the Pennsylvania Railroad sued the company for damages for putting himself off a train because he refused to pay an additional fare which was demanded because he had left one train and taken another, the plaintiff was not suited on the ground that he had violated the contract printed on the ticket.

Great excitement prevails in Fort McKenney, Wyo., on account of recent high discoveries of gold bearing quartz in the Big Horn Mountains, about 75 miles northwest of that post, at the head of Tongue river. Large numbers of miners are en route to the mines, and nearly all the citizens of that section are leaving for the mountains. The ore has been assayed with the following results: Lowest, \$1; highest, \$70 per ton.

Mr. W. P. Peters, 125 Jefferson st., Baltimore, Md., says: "From my personal experience, as well as many of my relatives and friends, I strongly recommend them to prefer to anything else." Mr. W. E. Thornton, Baltimore, Md., the manufacturer, claims that there is nothing equal to them in all forms of the Liver and Stomach derangements, and that they will effectually cure Dyspepsia, Nervousness and Constipation. 25¢ a package or \$1 per bottle. Give them a trial.

Judge Adams, in the Circuit Court at St. Louis, on petition of William S. Relfe, State superintendent of insurance, yesterday granted a temporary injunction against the Life Association of America, restraining it from doing further business, and appointed General D. M. Frost temporary receiver, who filed his bond and took possession of the company's office. Argument on an application for a perpetual injunction will be heard on Friday. Superintendent Relfe states in his petition that the Life Association is insolvent, its liabilities exceeding its assets by a large sum.

Railroad Schedules.
BALTIMORE, Oct. 15.—A meeting of managers of the southern railroads was held in this city to day to arrange a winter schedule for the running of trains. Thirty roads were represented, all in the South, except the Pennsylvania Railroad.

R. B. Bridges, of the Wilmington and Weldon and Wilmington, Columbia and Augusta Railroads, was in the chair, and W. F. Allen, of the Traveler's Official Guide, secretary.

Changes were made in the night train going north from Washington to 9:45 instead of 10:15 p. m., and in the morning going north from Washington, at 7 o'clock instead of 6:50, thus changing to into effect on the 9th day of November proximo.

A communication was presented from the Baltimore papers with reference to a 3:20 a. m. train north, but no action was taken.

A paper relating to a national quarantine was also read, but no action was taken on it, as there will be a meeting at Nashville on the 19th inst. to consider that subject.

The meeting adjourned to assemble in New York on the 23rd Wednesday in April, 1880.

State Debt.
PETERSBURG, Va., Oct. 15.—A few days since a petition numerously signed by colored people of this city was forwarded through U. S. Senator R. Vance Collected James D. Brady and J. H. Vanhook to Frederick Douglas, the leader of the race in the United States, asking him to visit Petersburg and address them on their duty in the present State debt canvass. Mr. Douglas has responded in a long letter regretting his inability to accept the invitation in consequence of being booked for the campaign in New York. He says in the letter that he is against repudiation in every form, and he most earnestly advises his people not to give support, countenance or encouragement to readjusters or repudiators.

Last night a large and enthusiastic meeting of offenders was held in Etricks, a village near here, which was addressed by Judge W. J. Clifton and George A. Jewett, esq., one of the candidates for the House of Delegates, both strong advocates of a settlement of the State debt on the McCulloch bill basis. The meeting did not adjourn until a late hour.

Arrested.
ST. LOUIS, Mo., Oct. 15.—A special dispatch to the Globe-Democrat from Independence, Mo., says: "Two desperadoes, named Stevens and Campbell, were arrested at Holden, Mo., on Monday night, on suspicion of having been engaged in the robbery of the express messenger on the Chicago and Alton train at Glendale, last Wednesday night."

Fire.
BRADFORD, Vt., Oct. 15.—A large building, owned by the Vermont Copper Mining Co., at Pike Hill, as a wash house, was burned last night. A hundred and fifty people are thus thrown out of employment. Loss, \$5,000; insured for \$1,500.

VIRGINIA NEWS.

The crop of acorns and chestnuts in the mountains of Giles county is plentiful, and that those are improving rapidly that have been turned out to fatten on them.

Mr. Eekine Mayn Ross, formerly of Richmond, has just been elected one of the associate judges of the Court of Appeals of California.

John Cox, colored, a brother of Chastine Cox, the New York murderer, has been nominated by the Chesterfield readjusters as a candidate for the House of Delegates.

Among the patents issued last week were the following to Virginians: Norman V. Randolph, Richmond, pill box; Jackson M. Rose, Abingdon, extension body for wagons; A. J. Truxell, Big Lick, portable fence.

Dr. W. T. Woodbridge, member of the last House of Delegates from Hancock county, was thrown from his buggy yesterday evening and seriously injured. His wife, who was with him, was also seriously hurt.

Postmaster General Key and party arrived at Richmond last night, and after transacting business in connection with the southern mail superintendency will go on Thursday or Friday to Fredericksburg and down the Rappahannock river.

Preparations are being made to smelt zinc at Barrett's iron works below the Wytheville depot. A considerable quantity of zinc ore at the Calfee mine, in Wythe county, arrived at the depot a few days ago to be converted into metallic zinc at the works referred to. The ore is said to be very rich, yielding 40 per cent. of pure metal.

During a recent discussion of the debt settlement ex-Governor Kemper is alleged to have used language toward Gen. William Mahone, to which the latter excepted. A correspondence ensued between the two gentlemen on the subject, and the matter of differences is definitely stated to have been adjusted without resort to the courts.

Captain John W. Parks died at Norfolk on Monday of consumption. He was a survivor of the Mexican war, having been third assistant engineer on board the flagship of Commodore Perry, the steam frigate Mississippi. He was attached to the steamer Spitfire during the attack on Vera Cruz. During the war he was an engineer in the Confederate service.

Governor Holliday will leave Richmond next Friday to be present at the meeting of the Governors of the original thirteen States to be held at Independence Hall, at Philadelphia, on the 18th instant, for the purpose of effecting an organization to celebrate the centennial of the surrender of Lord Cornwallis at Yorktown on the 19th of October, 1881.

FOREIGN NEWS.

The overthrow of the Waddington cabinet by the Gambetta faction is the prospect in France. England is becoming alarmed at the outflow of gold to America.

The Catholics of Bruges, Belgium, elected their Senator.

A defensive treaty has been concluded between Germany and Austria during Bismarck's visit to Vienna.

Tenants of the Marquis of Sligo and Earl of Lonsdale, Ireland, have determined that they will pay no more rent until a reduction is granted.

The French government consented on the 6th ult. to a decree for the free entry at the ports of Paris and Lyons of silk goods mixed with cotton or other materials which brought temporarily into that country for the purpose of being dyed, printed or finished.

A dispatch from Madrid reports that the government is much embarrassed by the attitude of the majority of the Committee on Cuban Reform who favor the planter's suggestion that abolition measures be limited to freeing the offspring of slaves and adults over sixty years of age. In addition to this the house agreed that manufacturing interests are strongly opposed to the modification of the tariff. Prime Minister Campos has already tendered his resignation, and it is reported that Senor Albino, Minister of the Colonies, has done likewise. It is considered almost certain in political circles that Senor Canovas Del Castillo, Eldorado, Romero and Rubedo will be summoned to form a cabinet, and with the Conservative majority assume the responsibility of retarding or doing for Cuban reforms. The discontent in Cuba obliges the government to send 10,000 more men in addition to the 4,500 previously dispatched.

Yellow Fever.

There were nine new cases of yellow fever at Memphis yesterday and four deaths. The latter include R. S. Hutchinson, an employee of the internal revenue office; ex-Chief of Police Thomas J. O'Donnell, (a relaps); Geo. Rawlings, (a returned refugee); and Mrs. Catherine M. Smith. Among the new cases are John Lutz, John Lutz, Jr., J. A. Peres, wife and daughter, and Mrs. Bell Lindsey. At Port City, Ark., 45 miles west of Memphis, there have been six cases, four fatal, within the past six days. Cases have occurred at Hopefield, Ark., opposite Memphis. Capt. J. C. Oates, a well-known steamboat man, died of the fever Monday five miles from Memphis. The sickness prevailing at Centerville, La., five miles below New Orleans, is undoubtedly yellow fever. There have been sixteen cases and six deaths to date.

MEMPHIS, TENN., Oct. 15.—Up to 10 a. m. no new cases of yellow fever have been reported. Four deaths have occurred since last night.

MEMPHIS, Oct. 15.—Up to noon five new cases of yellow fever have been reported. One more death has occurred.

The Afghan Revolt.

LONDON, Oct. 14.—A dispatch from Allahabad says: "Sir Frederick Roberts and his staff visited the late presidency at Cabul, portions of which are burned, but the greater part of which is still standing, though completely looted. The bodies of Major Cavagnar and Dr. Kelly are said to be buried beneath a pile of debris and charred logs at the northern end of the courtyard, and search will be made. Major Cavagnar's visitors' diary has been found at the Amer's palace."

A dispatch from Simla, October 14, says the camp at Ali Khel has been attacked by a large number of the neighboring tribes. The attack was repulsed. Twenty-three Afghan corpses were found, and it is believed that many more were carried off. The British casualties were only five wounded.

IMPRISONING A TENANT.—Sixth street, near O, was the scene of a rather strange proceeding yesterday, by which a lady named Wakefield, who is employed in the Pension Office, was made a prisoner in house No. 408, kept by Mr. Hutchinson, of whom Miss Wakefield rented her room. The following are the circumstances as learned by a reporter: Miss Wakefield wanted to give up her room and leave the house, and the landlady, named Mrs. Hutchinson, was away from the house yesterday morning, leaving instructions with her colored man servant not to let Miss Wakefield or her baggage go out of the house. The faithful servant determined that he would obey instructions at all hazards, and at once barred and nailed up all the doors. Miss Wakefield was thus made a prisoner. In the afternoon she managed to make known her predicament by communicating with neighbors from a window, and a message was carried for police headquarters, who reported the matter to the house, soon gained admittance, and rescued the fair prisoner. She took steps to obtain her furniture and trunks by legal process, but subsequently an amicable arrangement was made with Mrs. Hutchinson, and she was allowed to move her effects. —*Wash. Rep.*

FROM WASHINGTON.

Special Correspondence of the Alexandria Gazette.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 15, 1879.

To day is almost a dies non in Washington respecting news, except that relating to the Ohio election. The election in Iowa went as it was supposed it would go; but, strange as it may appear, the result of that in Ohio is a source of great disappointment to the democrats. The latest news received here up to 2 p. m. to day estimates Foster's majority at 25,000 and a republican legislature by a vote of 74, including the negro Williams, out 114 in the House and 23 out of 35 in the Senate, which secures the election of a republican senator in place of Mr. Thurman. The democrats here, it is almost needless to say, are not only down-hearted, but m. l. and are more emphatic than choice in their expressions of the leaders of the democracy, to whose ragaries they attribute the defeat.

Mr. Speaker Randall is in the city, but is reticent regarding the unwarmed condition in which his party has been placed mainly by the proceedings of the democratic majority of the House over which he presides.

The Southern Republican Association, which has heretofore met as a social organization, having been informed that Mr. Hayes would not object if its character assumed a more decided political aspect, will meet next Friday night and pass strong partisan resolutions, in which they will affirm that the weakness of republicanism in the South is mainly attributable to the course pursued by northern republicans to their political congeners in the South. It is understood, however, that the tone of the resolutions, which looked to a quiet resistance to a continuation of such policy toward them, has been modified somewhat since the news of the large republican majority in Ohio was received, and it is now supposed that the resolutions, as ex-Senator Pool did, their chief efforts will be directed to obtaining all the guarantees they can by promising the united republican vote of their section in the national convention to the northern republican candidate who will offer them the most advantageous terms.

The receipts at the Treasury to day from internal revenue amounted to \$433,527; from customs to \$861,938.

The standing order of the Postoffice Department requiring that all postal cards having any portion of the message written on their face should be treated as unsalable, has been rescinded to the extent of holding that such writing shall not render them unsalable unless it makes the address illegible.

Mr. Felix McCloskey, who was last spring appointed a messenger under the Sergeant at Arms of the Senate, has been not lidd of his removal. McCloskey was the Sergeant at Arms of the national democratic convention of 1860, which met first at Charleston and afterwards at Baltimore.

The Supreme Court to day resumed the consideration of the mandamus case of Virginia against U. S. Judge Rives. Attorney General Field, of Va., concluded his argument yesterday. Judge Willoughby, who commenced his yesterday, concluded it to day. Judge Robertson and Attorney General Devos also made their arguments to day.

The Elections.

The elections in Ohio and Iowa yesterday resulted in republican victories.

In Ohio the republican State ticket is elected by about 25,000, and a majority of republicans are elected to both houses of the legislature. This result insures the election of a republican United States Senator to succeed Mr. Thurman, whose term expires in 1881.

In Iowa the combined democratic and green-back forces failed to overcome the usual republican majority on the State ticket, and Mr. Wm. G. Thompson, saltwater radical, is elected to the vacancy in the House, occasioned by the death of the Hon. Rash Clark.

A dispatch from Des Moines says the republicans have carried Poweshiek county. The republicans have regained Madison county, and have gained 380 votes in the city of Des Moines. Returns from Polk, Daviess, Montgomery, Worth, Black Hawk, Cherokee and Story counties show a republican gain.

Low county will be democratic on the State ticket by a reduced majority. The republicans will elect a portion of the county ticket. Jackson township gives Gov. 236 majority, a gain of nearly 200 on the vote of two years ago.

The city election in Newark, N. J., yesterday, gave nearly 2,500 majority for Fielder, democrat, over Macknet, republican, for mayor. The German vote, heretofore republican, was almost all for Fielder, the main issue being on a liberal construction of the Sunday law. For the common council the republicans carried 8 democrats 7. The new common council will stand 18 republicans, 11 democrats and 1 liberal.

CINCINNATI, OHIO, Oct. 15.—As for the State at large, the estimates of Foster's majority at this hour (8 a. m.) vary from 15,000 to 30,000. It is very generally conceded that the republicans will have a clear majority in joint session of the Legislature, and the indications are that later returns will give them a majority in each house.

TOLEDO, Oct. 15.—The returns from the city and county come in slowly. Only two townships and four wards have been heard from. A large portion of the National vote will probably be cast for Ewix, democrat, which will render the vote on governor clear. The republicans claim the whole county ticket, including the State ticket.

Wilbridge, rep., for Senator, will have 500 majority in Lucas county. Foster gains 500 on the republican vote of last year. The above is from a republican source; the returns being too meagre to afford a definite statement of the result.

CINCINNATI, O., Oct. 15.—Reports from all the precincts of Hamilton county except 10 give Foster, rep., for governor, 3,500 majority; Hickenlooper, rep., for lieutenant governor, 3,470 majority; Oakley, rep., for auditor, 2,599 majority. The republican majority on the State senatorial ticket ranges from 3,529 to 3,858; on representative, 1,419 to 3,785. Geo. W. Williams, colored, the republican candidate for legislature, received the lowest republican vote, which is 902 more than the highest democratic vote.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 15.—The following dispatch has been received by the Star: COLUMBUS, Oct. 15, a. m.—We have heard from 320 townships and wards in the State, and they give a republican gain of 5,537. We estimate Mr. Foster's majority at least at 20,000. We have carried nearly all the close counties, and think the legislature is ours.

J. S. ROBINSON, Chairman Republican State Committee.

COLUMBUS, O., Oct. 15.—11 a. m.—The legislature is claimed by both parties, with the chances largely in favor of the republicans.

Arrest of a Murderer.

BOSTON, Oct. 15.—About 9 o'clock last evening Detectives J. P. Wade and G. H. Ingle, while passing through court street, arrested H. J. Gunn, who, on September 25th, brutally murdered his father, Justin L. Gunn in Bridge-water, in this State.

To be Removed.

NEWPORT, R. I., Oct. 15.—The U. S. surveying officers are to have the rock at Seacoast, where so many vessels have been lost, removed, and will commence operations at once.

Marriage licenses were issued in Washington yesterday to C. H. Canfield and Annie E. Vought, both of Fairfax County House, Va.; Norman Key, of Frederick county, Md.; and Annie Riley, of Washington; Harry Taylor, of Mount Pleasant, and Anne M. Shores, of Georgetown, D. C.

Public Speaking.

[Correspondence of the Alexandria Gazette.]

AUGUSTA.

On Saturday evening last, according to previous announcement, the several candidates for election to the General Assembly met at this place to discuss the probabilities and possibilities of a settlement of the State debt, and Maj. Marshall Hanger took the stand. During his discourse he briefly alluded to the many advantages the State has derived and enjoyed from the expenditure of the borrowed money—in the way of railroads, canals, &c.—and stated these public improvements, while now worthless, in many instances, could have been sold at a fair price and the money be applied to the payment of the debt at one time, and if the State refused to avail herself of that opportunity, she ought not now to complain. The Major further stated that the interest of one-third of the original debt, would amount to more than the whole revenues which the State formerly derived from West Virginia, and as the McCulloch settlement cuts off one-third of the debt, the State is a small loser in the game, and that the present expiation tax amounts to nearly as much as the revenue formerly derived from the taxation of slave property. The Major expressed himself fully in accord with the proposed McCulloch settlement, and his views are so generally known that comment is useless here.

Gen. Nichols followed in a brief speech, stating forth the great advantages to be derived from the present settlement should it become an active law, showing that the State would save a larger sum of money each year in the way of interest, and would certainly be benefited to that amount at least, and could not possibly be any worse off, and have a cash surplus in her treasury. The time was so limited, the General could not express his views fully, or go into the details of the subject. His speech was highly commented upon, and his words carried weight with them.

Major Coizer, candidate for re-election to the Senate, followed, and during his discourse, commented upon the expediency of accepting the McCulloch proposition, showing the vast amount of money to be saved under it, compared with the present condition of affairs, and the great advantage to the State to be derived from a final settlement of the question. So long as this debt question is agitated, it is so long as the business of the country suffer, and will pass by us, and no better time need be expected. The Major stated that the honor of securing this proposed settlement belonged to the debt paying party, as all resolutions tending towards a convention of the creditors in the last Assembly were bitterly opposed by the readjusters, and the resolution which finally secured that end originated in the Senate, and at the chief instance of Maj. Coizer.

Mr. Brown Allen, readjuster candidate for M. J. Coizer's place, next followed in his speech, stating that he would favor and support the present settlement provided it did not require an increase in the rate of taxation. Should that be necessary he would fight it to the last extreme. He objected to many features of the McCulloch bill—such as the coupon, non taxable, &c., &c.—but would support it provided it would not require an increase of taxes, for the sake of peace to the land.

The people of this county will go largely for the settlement, and the debt question, we hope, will be buried forever on the 4th of November.

The wheat in this section is looking well, though the weather is exceedingly dry, with the thermometer often at 95°. SCARFORD, Fishersville, Augusta Co., Oct. 13.

FAIRFAX.

FAIRFAX C. H., Va., Oct. 15, 1879.

To the editor of the Alexandria Gazette: Your remarks on the anomalous position of Mr. R. R. Farr in the canvass in this county, in your issue of the 6th instant, were most just, pertinent, and well timed—such an estimate only from the pen of one having the best interests of this poor old county at heart.

As Fairfax county grows in prosperity, in the same ratio must Alexandria be benefited, their interests being identical.

There should be no doubt of the sentiments of the man to be elected to represent her in the next House of Delegates. He should be the supporter of the debt settlement without an if, or a condition. Will this be the fact should Mr. Farr be nominated and elected? Let us submit a few facts to a candid constituency. Has he uttered one word in his favor? Has he advised a single bondholder to accept its provisions? Are not his friends and supporters the only persons who are circulating printed slips in opposition to the McCulloch bill? Are not his friends the supporters of the opposition and all others whom the Richmond Whig, the Mazarine Hall organ, is sent free of charge? His friends are distributing garbled extracts from the speech of Attorney General Rives, like as it is. And yet he (Mr. Farr) is to be re-elected because he acquiesces in this gross fraud. Is he willing to compound a felony?

Land owners, who you have had to sell, and must sell to pay your debts, look to your interest. Emigration to your county, the importation of capital, an increase of population are necessary for our relief; this can only be effected by putting to rest the agitation of the debt question. Come, then, to the polls on the 22d instant and rebuke this disturbing element and say to the agitators, "peace be still."

SNAP.

PRINCE WILLIAM.

BRENTSVILLE, Va., Oct. 14, 1879.

To the editor of the Alexandria Gazette:

On account of the sickness of Judge Keith, who has gone to New York to consult physicians, the fall term of the Circuit Court has been postponed. The Judge will hold a special term as soon as he is well enough.

A political discussion took place yesterday in which Messrs. Round and Green, the champions of the non-debt paying element in this county, were completely routed by Messrs. Lee and Hinton and old Alexandria's General Lee and F. L. Smith, the Conservative nominees for the Senate from this district. The readjusters or repudiators of this county have been completely demolished in every discussion which has taken place here, notwithstanding the fact that they contained in a communication to the Richmond Whig purporting to be from this place, and published in that paper in its issue of the 11th.

This communication did such gross injustice to General Payne that one of his friends, Mr. E. E. Meredith, came before the audience yesterday, and after explaining Gen. P.'s position and what was said on the occasion referred to, pronounced the author a liar.

Mr. Round announced his intention of opposing the non-debt paying element in this county, and was completely routed by Messrs. Lee and Hinton and old Alexandria's General Lee and F. L. Smith, the Conservative nominees for the Senate from this district. The readjusters or repudiators of this county have been completely demolished in every discussion which has taken place here, notwithstanding the fact that they contained in a communication to the Richmond Whig purporting to be from this place, and published in that paper in its issue of the 11th.

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